## Case 1:11-cr-00614-VM Document 171 Filed 09/05/12 Page 1 of 17

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	· x	USDC SONY DOCUMENT ELECTRONICALLY FILED DOC #:
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	:	
- v	:	ORDER

THOMAS DEVITT III, : S1 11 Cr. 614 (VM)

Defendant. :

WHEREAS, with defendant Thomas Devitt's consent, his guilty plea allocution was taken before United States Magistrate Judge Michael Dolinger on August 10, 2012;

WHEREAS a transcript of the allocution was made and thereafter was transmitted to the District Court; and

WHEREAS, upon review of that transcript, this Court has determined that Devitt entered the guilty plea knowingly and voluntarily, and that there was a factual basis for the guilty plea;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Devitt's guilty plea is accepted.

Dated: New York, New York

September \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2012

HON. VICTOR MARRERO United States District Judge Southern District of New York

	C8A5devP plea		
1 -	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
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3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,		
4	v.	11 Cr. 614 (VM/MHD)	
5	THOMAS DEVITT,		
6	Defendant.		
7	x		
8		August 10 2012	
9		August 10, 2012 11:40 a.m.	
10	Before:		
11		OI INGER	
12	HON. MICHAEL H. D	OLINGER,	
13		Magistrate Judge	
14	APPEARANCE	S	
15	PREET BHARARA	•	
16	United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York		
17	BY: DANIEL CHUNG Assistant United States Attorne	У	
18	MICHAEL JUDE JANNUZZI		
19	Attorney for Defendant		
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24 25 (Case called)

THE COURT: Counsel, state your name for the government.

MR. CHUNG: Daniel Chung for the government. Good morning, your Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MR. JANNUZZI: Good morning, your Honor. Jannuzzi for Thomas Devitt.

THE COURT: Let me first confirm my understanding that the penalties that the defendant faces upon conviction, based on the plea agreement, am I correct that he faces up to five years in prison, three years of supervised release, as much as \$250,000 or twice the total gain from the crime in terms of a fine and a \$100 special assessment?

MR. CHUNG: Yes, your Honor.

MR. JANNUZZI: That's my understanding too, Judge.

THE COURT: Very good.

Mr. Devitt, the indictment in this case and specifically Count Six of the indictment charges you with a violation of the United States Criminal Code. Ordinarily when a defendant enters a plea to a charge such as this he will do so before a United States District Judge, will also conduct the required question and answer session that accompanies the plea. However, with the consent of the defendant, United States Magistrate Judges, of whom I'm one, also have the authority to

Ц	C8A5devP plea
1	take a plea in a case such as this. If you were to consent to
2	enter your plea before a magistrate judge you would be entitled
3	to all the same protections as you would have before a district
4	judge.
5	Do you understand that?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
7	THE COURT: Is it your wish at this time to enter your
8	plea before a magistrate judge?
9	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
10	THE COURT: Is this your signature on the consent
11	form?
12	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
13	THE COURT: Before I take your plea I have to ask you
14	some questions and I will therefore need to put you under oath.
15	Would you please raise your right hand?
16	(Defendant sworn)
17	THE COURT: Would you please state your full name?
18	THE DEFENDANT: Thomas Francis Devitt, III.
19	THE COURT: What is your age?
20	THE DEFENDANT: 43.
21	THE COURT: What is the extent of your formal
22	education?
23	THE DEFENDANT: I'm a college graduate.
24	THE COURT: Are you now or have you recently been

under the care of a doctor or psychiatrist for any reason?

	C8A5devP plea
1	THE DEFENDANT: No.
2	THE COURT: Are you currently under any medication?
3	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Is there anything about the effects of
5	this medication that would make it more difficult for you to
6	listen, hear, think, reason or make decisions?
7	THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.
8	THE COURT: Are you currently under the influence of
9	any mind-altering drugs or alcoholic drinks?
10	THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.
11	THE COURT: Have you been able to understand pretty
12	much everything that's been said to you so far today?
13	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
14	THE COURT: Have you received a copy of the indictment
15	in this case?
16	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
17	THE COURT: And specifically referring to Count Six,
18	have you read it or do you want me to read it to you?
19	THE DEFENDANT: I have read it.
20	THE COURT: Do you understand what it says you did?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
22	THE COURT: Have you had an opportunity discuss this
23	charge and how you wish to plead today with your attorney?
24	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Are you satisfied with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Are you ready at this time to enter a plea?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Bearing in mind that Count Six charges you, in substance, with having participated with others in a conspiracy to commit visa fraud, how do you plead to this conspiracy charge, guilty or not guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Guilty, your Honor.

THE COURT: Because you are proposing to enter a guilty plea I have to ask you some additional questions. My purpose in doing so is to make sure that you understand the consequences of pleading guilty and also to be certain that your plea is in fact voluntary.

First of all, I want you to understand that if convicted on this charge you could face, as a potential maximum penalty, a prison term of as long as five years, a supervised release term of up to three years, a fine of as much as a quarter million dollars or twice the total gain from the crime, whichever is larger, and a mandatory special assessment of \$100.

Are you aware of that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that if, as part of your sentence, you are placed on supervised release and you

plea C8A5devP violate any of the conditions of that release, your supervised -1 release term could be revoked and you could face an additional 2 term of imprisonment? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 4 THE COURT: Are you a U.S. citizen? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 6 7 THE COURT: Do you understand that you have a right to plead not quilty to this charge and a right to a trial and 8 indeed a jury trial, if you wish? 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 10 THE COURT: Do you understand that if you pled not 11 guilty, the government would bear the burden of proving your 12 13 quilt beyond a reasonable doubt? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 14 15 THE COURT: Do you understand that if you went to trial you would be presumed innocent unless and until the 16 government proved your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. 18 19 THE COURT: Do you also understand that at such a 20 trial you would be entitled to be represented by a lawyer at all stages and if you could not afford to hire one, the 21 22

services of an attorney would be provided without charge?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

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THE COURT: Do you also understand that at such a trial you would be entitled, through your lawyer, to

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cross-examine any witnesses called by the government to testify against you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand also that at such a trial you would be entitled to call witnesses to testify on your behalf?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand also that at such a trial you would be entitled to used the authority of the Court through the issuance of subpoenas to compel witnesses to come to Court to testify for you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that at such a trial you would be entitled, if you wished, to testify on your own behalf?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand also that at such a trial you would not be required to incriminate yourself, that is, you would not be required to testify against yourself?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that by pleading guilty you are giving up all of these protections, including the trial, and the only remaining step will be the imposition of sentence?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

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THE COURT: Do you understand the nature of the charge to which you are pleading guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand the range of penalties to which you are at least potentially subjecting yourself by your guilty plea?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that if any of the answers that you give to me today prove to have been untruthful, you could face a separate prosecution for perjury?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you still wish to plead guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Have any threats of any kind been made to influence how you plead today?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: I have received a copy of a letter dated July 19, 2012, which was sent from the United States Attorney to your attorney and appears to contain a plea agreement.

Apart from what is contained in that letter, have any promises been made to you as to the sentence that you will receive in this case?

THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that the decision as to the appropriate sentence will be entirely up to the trial

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judge, Judge Marrero, who will be guided by only what the law requires including the so-called U.S. Sentencing Guidelines?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that even if you are shocked and disappointed at the sentence you receive from Judge Marrero, you will still be bound by your guilty plea?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Did you sign this plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Before you signed it, did you discuss it with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Did he explain to you all of its terms and conditions?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I note as part of the plea agreement there is an analysis of how the sentencing guidelines may affect the sentence in your case. That analysis ends with the sentencing guideline for a prison term will be 10 to 16 months. Are you aware of that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: When it comes time to sentence, Judge

Marrero will be required to take the sentencing guidelines into consideration but will not necessarily be required to apply them directly to your case.

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that even if he does apply the guidelines in your case, he will not be bound by the analysis of the guidelines found in this plea agreement and if he does his own analysis, he may come up with an entirely different guideline range?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that if even Judge Marrero concludes that the guideline range in your case is 10 to 16 months he may choose, in appropriate circumstances, to impose a prison term that is either longer than the maximum of that range, that is longer than 16 months, or shorter than the minimum of that range, that is, less than 10 months.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you understand that as part of this plea agreement if the sentence that you receive is not longer than 16 months, you are giving up your right to complain about that sentence, either on appeal to the Court of Appeals or by application to Judge Marrero.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that as part of this plea agreement, even if it turns out that the government has improperly withheld from your attorney information that would have been helpful to him in defending you at trial, you

are giving up your right to complain about that form of government misconduct?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Is your plea voluntary and made of your own free will?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sire.

THE COURT: Did you in fact commit the offense charged in Count Six?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Before I ask Mr. Devitt to specify his conduct I will ask the government briefly to summarize the elements that it would have to establish to sustain this charge at trial.

MR. CHUNG: Yes, your Honor.

The government would have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt, first, that two or more persons entered into the unlawful agreement outlined in the indictment, Count Six of the indictment, which was an unlawful agreement to commit visa fraud; and second, that the defendant willfully and knowingly joined that agreement and that an overt act in furtherance of the of the conspiracy was committed by a defendant or a co-conspirator.

The government will also have to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that at least some part of the offense conduct of the conspiracy occurred in the Southern

District of New York.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Now, Mr. Devitt can you tell us, in your own words, what it is that you did that forms the basis of the charge to which are you now pleading?

THE DEFENDANT: I, and others, knowingly hired entertainers in my establishment knowing that their work visas were not permitting them to work in our establishment knowing that they were supposed to be working at another establishment.

THE COURT: This occurred approximately when?

THE DEFENDANT: 2008.

THE COURT: And it occurred where?

THE DEFENDANT: At the location of my business which is Rouge Gentleman's Club 55-61 58th Street, Maspeth, New York.

THE COURT: I take it the people you are talking about having hired, you had some obligation as an employer to examine their visa or their immigration cards?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes; their passports when they came into the establishment.

THE COURT: And these documents, whether they be passports or other documents, precluded their working at your establishment?

THE DEFENDANT: No. They precluded that they were supposed to be working --

(Defendant and counsel conferring)

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THE DEFENDANT: The visas were that they were supposed to be working somewhere else besides our establishment.

THE COURT: So it authorized them to work at a specific place?

THE DEFENDANT: Correct.

THE COURT: Which was not your place?

THE DEFENDANT: Correct, sir.

THE COURT: What is the government's understanding about venue in this case?

MR. CHUNG: Your Honor, it is really two-fold.

First, that other adult entertainment clubs that were involved in this conspiracy were located in Manhattan, not those operated by the defendants but by other co-conspirators who engaged in the same conduct; and second, that certain of the numerous visa applications, J-1 visa applications that were submitted by the women who worked at these clubs were routed through the State Department and INS' offices here in downtown Manhattan.

THE COURT: Is your understanding of what the essence of the fraud was as described in the allocution, that is that visas or passports or whatever immigration documents were in question, specified that these people could work at one establishment but not another?

MR. CHUNG: That's correct, your Honor.

The essence of the conspiracy or the fraud is that

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certain women overseas, principally in Eastern Europe and 1 Russia, apply for J-1 visas. J-1 visas are a particular type 2 of visa that allow them to work in certain occupations for here 3 in the U.S. for summer or a certain period of time. Now, J-1 4 visa holders cannot work in the adult entertainment industry. 5 6 The essence of the conspiracy was that the defendant and other 7 co-conspirators arranged or in various ways assisted in these women to obtain job offer documentation for certain jobs 8 outside of the adult entertainment industry like at restaurants 9 or food service companies or hotels, knowing that they wouldn't 10 be working at those other jobs and instead would be coming here 11 to work at the adult entertainment clubs. 12 13 THE COURT: And is it your understanding that, as described in the allocution, this defendant's role was simply 14 15

as an employer seeing J-1 visas that specify that the individual is supposed to be working in some other occupation and accepting that?

MR. CHUNG: Your Honor, I believe that the allocution on that specific role is sufficient. My understanding is that he is not so much a passive role but an active role in hiring these individuals knowing that they weren't supposed to be working there.

THE COURT: Are there any other questions that I should ask the defendant at this time?

MR. CHUNG: No, your Honor. The government believes

the allocution is sufficient.

THE COURT: Do either of you know of any reason why the plea should not be accepted?

MR. CHUNG: No, your Honor.

MR. JANNUZZI: No, sir.

THE COURT: I'm satisfied that Mr. Devitt understands the nature of the charge to which he is pleading guilty and the consequences of his guilty plea. I am also satisfied that his plea is voluntary and that there is a factual basis for it. I am therefore recommending at this time that Judge Marrero accept the proffered plea. I assume that the government will order a transcript of today's proceeding and submit it, together with any other necessary paperwork, to Judge Marrero, so that he may act on this recommendation.

MR. CHUNG: We will, your Honor.

THE COURT: Anything else on this matter?

MR. CHUNG: No, your Honor. We will obtain a sentencing date from Judge Marrero directly.

THE COURT: Very well. Thank you.

MR. JANNUZZI: Thank you, sir.

THE COURT: Thanks.

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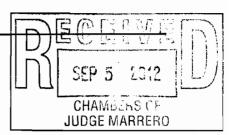
## U.S. Department of Justice



United States Attorney Southern District of New York

The Silvio J. Mollo Building One Saint Andrew's Plaza New York, New York 10007

September 4, 2012



## **BY HAND**

The Honorable Victor Marrero
United States District Judge
United States District Court for the
Southern District of New York
Daniel Patrick Moynihan
United States Courthouse
500 Pearl Street, Chambers 1040
New York, New York 10007

Re:

United States v. Thomas Devitt III

S1 11 Cr. 614 (VM)

Dear Judge Marrero:

Defendant Thomas Devitt entered a guilty plea on August 10, 2012 before United States Magistrate Judge Michael Dolinger. The Government respectfully requests that the Court accept Devitt's guilty plea. Enclosed please find a transcript of the proceedings and a proposed Order accepting the plea. Magistrate Judge Dolinger did not refer the matter to the Probation Office to conduct a Pre-sentence Investigation; accordingly, the Government requests that the Court do so.

Respectfully submitted,

PREET BHARARA
United States Attorney
Southern District of New York

By:

Daniel Chung

Assistant U.S. Attorney

212-637-2417

**Enclosures** 

cc: Michael Jannuzzi, Esq.